

PENGARUH CUSTOMER SERVICE, TRAFFIC DAN PROMOSI TERHADAP
PENCAPAIAN TARGET SALES DI PEDRO CIPUTRA SURABAYA

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis Pengaruh *Customer Service*, *Traffic* Dan Promosi Terhadap Pencapaian Target Sales Di Pedro Ciputra Surabaya. Jenis penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kuantitatif. Jumlah sampel yang diambil 35 responden dengan metode pengambilan sampelnya adalah teknik sampling jenuh/sensus. Alat analisis yang digunakan adalah uji instrumen terdiri dari: uji validitas, uji reliabilitas, uji asumsi klasik terdiri dari: uji normalitas, multikolinearitas, heteroskedastisitas dan autokorelasi, serta uji hipotesis yang terdiri dari: analisis regresi linier berganda, uji t, uji F dan Koefisien determinasi (R^2).

Berdasarkan hasil analisis regresi berganda diperoleh formulasi $Y = 2,518 + 0,336X_1 + 0,399X_2 - 0,303X_3 + e$, dimana Y merupakan variabel pencapaian target sales, X_1 merupakan *customer service*, X_2 adalah *traffic* dan X_3 adalah promosi. Uji t penelitian menunjukkan variabel *Customer Service* dan *Traffic* memiliki pengaruh yang signifikan positif terhadap pencapaian target sales sedangkan variabel promosi tidak berpengaruh terhadap pencapaian target sales. Hasil uji F dapat dianalisis bahwa ketiga variabel bebas berpengaruh secara signifikan terhadap pencapaian target sales, dimana nilai F_{Hitung} sebesar $7,721 > 2,641 F_{\text{tabel}}$ dan tingkat signifikansi $0,001 < 0,05$. Uji terakhir penelitian adalah uji koefisien determinasi dengan nilai R^2 sebesar 0,428, berarti variabel bebas memiliki kontribusi terhadap variabel pencapaian target sales sebesar 42,8 %, sisanya dijelaskan oleh varibel lain diluar model.

Kata kunci : *Customer Service*, *Traffic*, Promosi dan Pencapaian Target Sales

ABSTRACT

This study aims to analyze the influence of customer service, traffic and promotions on the achievement of sales targets at Pedro Ciputra Surabaya. This type of research is a quantitative research. The number of samples taken by 35 respondents with the sampling method is a saturated/census sampling technique. The analytical tool used is an instrument test consisting of: validity test, reliability test, classical assumption test consisting of: normality test, multicollinearity, heteroscedasticity and autocorrelation, as well as hypothesis testing consisting of: multiple linear regression analysis, t test, F test and coefficient determination (R^2).

Based on the results of multiple regression analysis, the formulation $Y = 2.518 + 0.336X_1 + 0.399X_2 - 0.303X_3 + e$, where Y is the sales target achievement variable, X_1 is customer service, X_2 is traffic and X_3 is promotion. The research t-test shows that the Customer Service and Traffic variables have a significant positive effect on the achievement of sales targets, while the promotion variables have no effect on achieving sales targets. The results of the F test can be analyzed that the three independent variables have a significant effect on the achievement of sales targets, where the Fcount value is $7.721 > 2.641$ Ftable and the significance level is $0.001 < 0.05$. The last test of the research is the coefficient of determination test with an R^2 value of 0.428, meaning that the independent variable has a contribution to the variable of achieving sales target of 42.8%, the rest is explained by other variables outside the model.

Keywords: Customer Service, Traffic, Promotions, The Achievement Of Sales Targets